

10. 08. 2004



EP04/0796



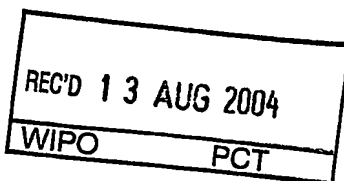
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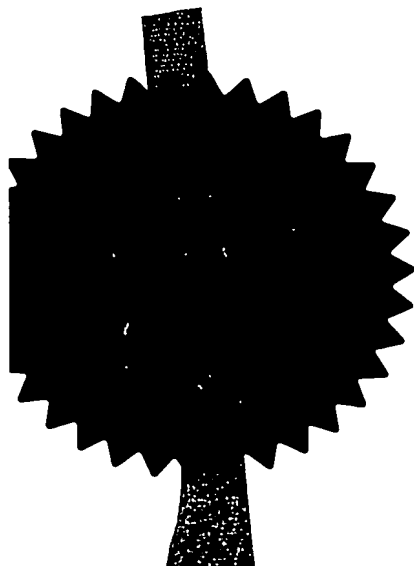
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JMH 00114/GB/P1

2. Patent application number

(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0315277.4

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

James Mathew Hodgson
Netting Close, Netting St.,
Hook Norton, Banbury,
Oxon, OX15 5NJ,
United Kingdom

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

8663890001

4. Title of the invention

Athletics Shoe

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

Dr Nicholas J White

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Rouse Patents
Windsor House
Cornwall Road
Harrogate
HG1 2FW
United Kingdom

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

8661159001

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Country

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7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

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8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

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Description 7

Claim(s) 3

Abstract 1

Drawing(s) 2

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (*Patents Form 7/77*)Request for preliminary examination and search (*Patents Form 9/77*)Request for substantive examination (*Patents Form 10/77*)Any other documents
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11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

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DR NICHOLAS J WHITE

01 July 2003

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom Sandra Robinson 01423 850800

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Applicant: James Hodgson
File No.: JMH 00114/QB/P1

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DESCRIPTION

Field of the Invention

- 5 The invention relates to footwear and, more particularly, to athletics footwear for track events.

Background to the Invention

- 10 Current sports shoes for athletes have a plastic sole and textile upper. Such shoes are manufactured to be as light as possible in order to improve the performance of the athletes, particularly over short distances, e.g. 100m or 200m.

- 15 One example of a sports shoe is known from European Patent Application No. EP-A-0 799 583 (Technica S.p.A). The shoes described in this patent have a sole made from a resilient material such as rubber with a strengthening insert. This shoe is not suitable for short distance track events because of its weight.

- 20 A variety of athletics shoes are produced by several manufacturers. The Saucony middle distance race shoe has a very light-weight fabric to keep the total weight of the shoe as low as possible. An Asics sprinting spike shoe uses a rubber grip on the sole of the shoe from the footplate backwards.

- 25 Sandals are also known in the art which can be used for trail running and hiking. These sandals, such as those manufactured by the Teva Company, Flagstaff, Arizona, United States, have an open structure with straps to hold the sandals on the foot. The sandals have a substantially flat sole with an open toe, arch and heel areas. Whilst such sandals, such as the Wreaptor 2 model, may be suitable for long-distance trail running their heavy weight makes them unsuitable for use by track athletes.

- 30 Cycling shoes are known in the art which are designed to be as light as possible and also to allow as much transmission of the athlete's muscular power to the cycle. For example, US Patent No. US-A-5,836,094 (Figel) teaches a cycling shoe in which a composite made of fibre and resin replaces the sole and part of the upper of a

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traditional shoe. In this patent, the complete sole of the shoe is made from the composite. Manufacture of the composite is from carbon fibre, Kevlar fibres and epoxy resin which are built up using layers of carbon fibre sheets and Kevlar layers.

- 5 Another cycling shoe is described in US Patent No. US-A-5,406,723 (Okajima, assigned to Shimano, Inc., Osaka, Japan). This patent describes a sole of a shoe with a fibrous layer surrounding a core made of polyurethane foam. A glass cloth is applied to the upper and lower surfaces of the core to form a layer. A carbon fibre sheet impregnated with phenol resin is then placed over the glass cloth followed by an
10 impregnated glass cloth. This process is completed until a stiff sole is manufactured.

Cycling shoes are, however, not suitable for use by track athletes because they have a stiff sole which is substantially inflexible. Track athletes require a shoe which is flexible in order to maximise their performance, particularly at the starting blocks.

15

Summary of the Invention

There is therefore a need to produce an improved shoe, particularly for use in short distance track events.

20

There is furthermore a need to reduce the weight of the shoe.

There is in addition a need to design a shoe for the maximum transmission of a track athlete's power to the track, particularly at the starting blocks.

25

- These and other objects are achieved by providing a sole for footwear having a toe part, a ball part and an instep-heel part. The toe part of the sole is the area of the sole substantially adjacent to the athlete's foot. The ball part of the sole is the area of the footwear substantially adjacent to the ball of the athlete's foot. The instep-ball part
30 of the sole is the remainder of the area of the sole and covers the arch or instep and ball parts of the athlete's foot. In the inventive sole, both the toe part and the instep-heel part of the sole are made of a substantially inflexible material. This material remains stiff whilst the athlete is running. On the other hand, the ball part of the sole is made of a flexible material which can bend when the athlete is at the starting blocks

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and during the race. This flexible material allows the athlete to flex the shoe at the natural position of flex of the foot (i.e. at the ball of the foot) and thus achieve maximum transfer of power at the start and during the race.

- 5 The substantially inflexible material is preferably a composite material of carbon fibre in a thermoplastic resin. This material is very strong and lightweight. The flexible material is preferably a composite material of carbon fibre in a thermoplastic resin. This material is also strong and lightweight, and furthermore resilient.
- 10 The shoe according to the invention has a substantially better strength to weight ratio compared to shoes made with conventional textile fabric. Furthermore stretching or movement of material is substantially eliminated due to the non-elongation properties of the composite materials.
- 15 The objects of the invention are additionally solved by providing an article of footwear comprising a sole, an open toe section, an instep section having two instep side supports, the instep side supports being connected to the instep part of the sole and otherwise being open, and a heel section. This construction uses a minimum of material to maintain the stability of the athlete's foot.
- 20 Alternatively and additionally the objects of the invention are also solved by an article of footwear comprising a sole, an open toe section, an instep section, and a heel section. The heel section comprises two heel side supports and an end heel support, and the two heel side supports and the end heel support are connected at a
- 25 first end to the heel part of the sole and are connected to each other at the other end.
- To improve the stability of the footwear, the article of footwear has two instep side supports being connected to the instep part of the sole and otherwise being open. In this context "being open" means that the upper ends of the instep side supports are not
- 30 connected together as they would be in conventional prior art footwear.

To hold the article of footwear onto the athlete's foot, the article of footwear further includes an upper instep section which is preferably attached to the instep side

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supports by means of adjustable ties.

The article of footwear can also be provided with one or more straps attached to a surface of the open toe section. These straps hold the toes into position.

5

The invention also comprises a method for the manufacture of the shoe having the following steps:

- a first step of placing at least one ply of a first material in a toe part and an instep-heel part of a mould;
- 10 - a second step of placing at least one ply of a second material in a ball part of the mould, wherein the first material and the second material overlap at seams.
- a third step of placing at least one ply of a third material in the toe part and the instep-heel part of the mould.
- a fourth step of curing the first material and the second material to form the article of
- 15 footwear.

The first and second materials are overlapped at the seams in order to ensure a strong join between the materials.

- 20 In both the first and third step, more than one ply of material can be used in order to strengthen the shoe.

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Description of the Drawings

- Fig. 1 shows a side view of an athlete's shoe.
Fig. 2 shows a view from the heel end of the athlete's shoe.
5 Fig. 3 shows a view from the underside of the athlete's shoe.

Detailed Description of the Invention

- Fig.1 shows a side view of an article of footwear 10 according to the invention. The
10 article of footwear 10 is in this embodiment an athlete's shoe, but this is not limiting
of the invention. The shoe 10 has a sole 20, a heel 30, instep side supports 40 and an
upper instep 50. The upper instep 50 is attached to the instep side supports 40 by
means of ties 60.
- 15 The sole 20 of the shoe 10 is divided into a toe part 70, a ball part 80 and an instep-
heel part 90. The toe part 70 is substantially adjacent to the toes of the athlete's foot
and the ball part 80 is substantially adjacent to the ball of the athlete's foot. The
instep-heel part 90 of the sole 20 comprises the rest of the sole 20.
- 20 It can be seen that the toe part 70 is curved in order to maintain forward momentum of
the athlete and to minimise a "slapping" effect onto the ground which results in the
loss of energy. The shape of the toe part 70 encourages the athlete to "roll" the foot.
For a shoe of UK size 7.5, the radius of curvature is found to be 6.2 cm from the start
of the curvature to the point where the curvature falls out.
- 25 Spikes 100 can be attached to the underside of the toe part 70 of the sole 20.
- The straps connecting the upper instep 50 to the instep side supports 40 are adjustable
by means of the ties 60. In the figure, the ties 60 are shown as cable ties. Other types
30 of attachments could be used, including laces, Velcro fittings, buckles and straps.

The heel 30 comprises three parts as can be seen from Fig. 2 which is a view from the
heel end of the shoe 10. The heel 30 has two heel side supports 110a and 110b and an
end heel support 120. The end heel support 120 and the two heel side supports 110a

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and 110b are connected at the heel end to the instep-heel part 90 of the sole 20. The end heel support 120 and the two heel side supports 110a and 110b are connected at their common top end 130 together. A textile loop 140 is provided at the common top end to aid the athlete in putting on the shoes.

5

As can be seen from Fig. 3, the instep-heel part 30 of the sole 20 is not completely filled but includes a vacancy 95 over the instep of the foot in which no material is present. This vacancy 95 reduces the weight of the shoe because no material is present.

10

The toe part 70 and the instep-heel part 90 are made of a stiff, substantially inflexible material. By stiff, substantially inflexible material is meant a material which shape remains substantially unchanged under the normal forces experienced in athletics.

15

This material is a composite material and in one example comprises carbon fibre sheets. The carbon fibre sheets are made of carbon fibres embedded in a thermoplastic epoxy resin. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, both the toe part 70 and the instep-heel part 90 are made of the same material, but they could be made of different materials.

20

The carbon fibre sheets used were made by Advanced Composites and had a two by two weave and weighed 200 g/m². The carbon fibre is a T300 fibre and the carbon fibre sheets.

25

The heel 30 and the instep side supports 40 are preferably also made of the same material. Indeed they are usually formed integrally with the instep-heel part 90 of the sole 20.

30

The ball part 80 of the sole 20 is made of a flexible material. This material is flexible at the ball of the athlete's foot. In use, the material flexes at an axis within the material. This is particularly noticeable when the athlete is at the starting blocks. The flexible material is preferably made from a woven aramide fibre sheet comprising aramide fibres, such as Kevlar®, embedded within a thermoplastic epoxy resin.

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CLAIMS

1. Sole (20) for footwear (10) comprising:
a toe part (70) being made of a substantially inflexible material;
5 a ball part (80) being made of a flexible material; and
an instep-heel part (90) being made of a substantially inflexible material.
2. Sole according to claim 1, wherein the toe part (70) is made of a composite
material of carbon fibre in a thermoplastic resin.
- 10 3. Sole according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the instep-heel part (90) is made of a
composite material of carbon fibre in a thermoplastic resin.
4. Sole according to any one of the above claims, wherein the ball part (80) is
15 made of a composite material of aramide fibre in a thermoplastic resin.
5. Sole according to any one of the above claims further comprising a plurality of
spikes (100) attached to the toe part.
- 20 6. An article of footwear (10) comprising:
- a sole (20) having a toe part (70); a ball part (80), an instep part (90) and a
heel part (90);
- an open toe section;
- an instep section having two instep side supports (40), the instep side
25 supports (40) being connected to the instep part (90) of the sole (20) and
otherwise being open; and
- a heel section (30).
7. The article of footwear (10) of claim 6 wherein the heel section (30) comprises
30 two heel side supports (110a, 110b) and an end heel support (130),
wherein the two heel side supports (110a, 110b) and the end heel support
(130) are connected at a first end to the heel part (90) of the sole (20) and are
connected to each other at the other end.

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8. An article of footwear (10) comprising:
- a sole (20) having a toe part (70); a ball part (80), an instep part (90) and a heel part (90);
 - an open toe section;
 - an instep section; and
 - a heel section (30), wherein the heel section (30) comprises two heel side supports (110a, 110b) and an end heel support (130), and the two heel side supports (110a, 110b) and the end heel support (130) are connected at a first end to the heel part (90) of the sole (20) and are connected to each other at the other end.
9. The article of footwear (10) of claim 8 wherein the instep section has two instep side supports (40), the instep side supports (40) being connected to the instep part (90) of the sole (20) and otherwise being open.
10. The article of footwear (10) of one of claims 6 to 9 further comprising an upper instep section (50).
11. The article of footwear (10) of claim 10, wherein the upper instep section (50) is attached to the instep side supports (40) by means of adjustable ties (60).
12. The article of footwear (10) according to any one of claims 6 to 11 further comprising a plurality of spikes (100) mounted on an underside of the toe part (70) of the sole (20).
13. The article of footwear (10) according to any one of claims 6 to 12 further comprising one or more straps attached to an upperside of the toe part (70).
14. The article of footwear (10) according to any one of claims 6 to 12 being an athletic shoe.

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15. Method for the manufacture of an article of footwear (10) comprising:
- a first step of placing at least one ply of a first material in a toe part and an instep-heel part of a mould;
 - a second step of placing at least one ply of a second material in a ball part of the mould, wherein the first material and the second material overlap at seams.
 - a third step of placing at least one ply of a third material in the toe part and the instep-heel part of the mould.
 - a fourth step of curing the first material and the second material to form the article of footwear.
16. The method of claim 15 wherein the fourth step of curing the material involves baking the article of footwear under pressure.
17. The method of claim 15 or claim 16, wherein the first step comprises a step of placing at least two plies of the first material in the toe part and the instep-heel part of the mould.
18. The method of one of claims 15 to 17, wherein the third step comprises the step of placing at least two plies of the second material in the toe part and the instep-heel part of the mould.
19. The method of one of claims 15 to 18, further comprising a step of placing spikes (100) in the mould prior to the first step.
20. Use of the sole (20) of any one of claims 1 to 5 in athletics footwear.
21. Shoe substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

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ABSTRACT

- 5 The application relates to a sole (20) for footwear (10) which has a toe part (70) being made of a substantially inflexible material, a ball part (80) being made of a flexible material, and an instep-heel part (90) being made of a substantially inflexible material. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, the substantially inflexible material is carbon fibre in a thermoplastic epoxy resin and the flexible material of an aramide fibre in a thermoplastic epoxy resin.
- 10 The application also teaches a shoe made with this sole and a method for the manufacture of the shoe.

(Fig. 1 for publication on the front page)

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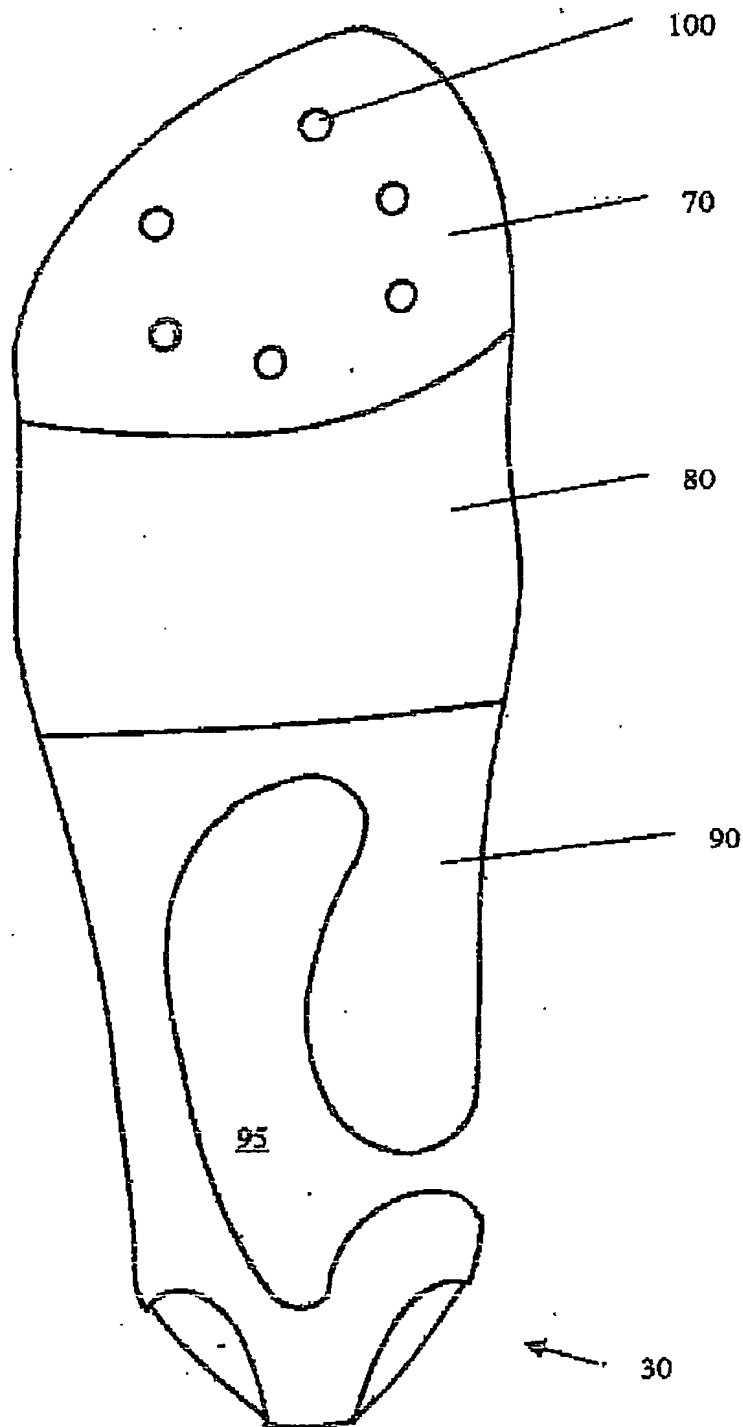


Fig. 3

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Fig. 1

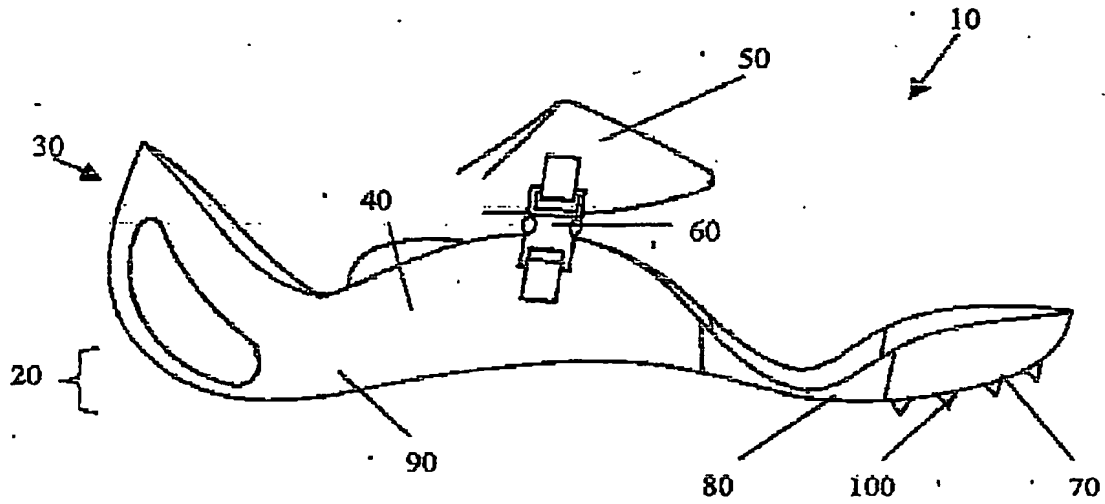
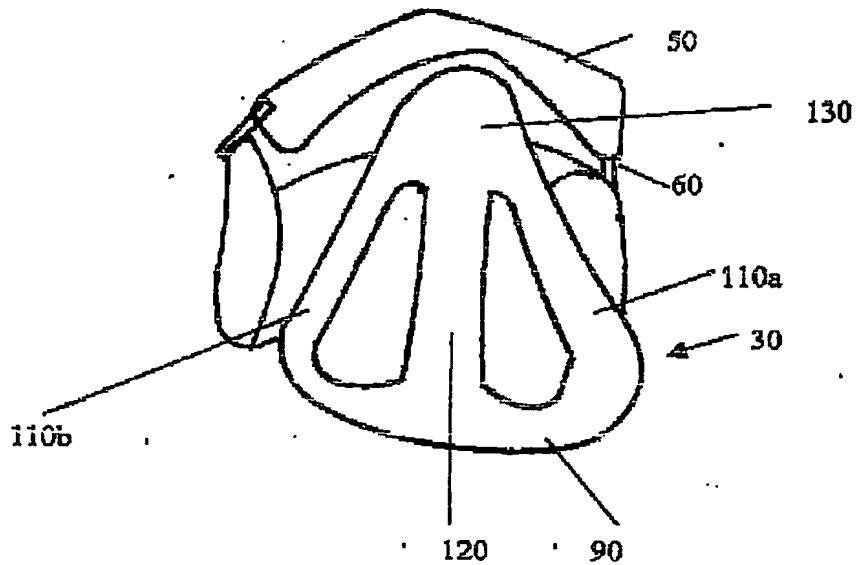


Fig. 2



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